

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 5860

January Session, 2001

AN ACT CONCERNING FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 5-247 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 3 (a) Each appointing authority shall grant [, on account of illness or 4 injury, to each full-time employee in a permanent position in the state 5 service who has furnished satisfactory proof of [such] (1) illness or 6 injury to the employee or to a child, spouse or parent of the employee, 7 or (2) the birth or adoption of a child of the employee, such sick leave 8 with pay as has accrued to [his] the employee's credit at the rate of one and one-quarter working days for each completed calendar month of 10 continuous full-time service which may be computed on an hourly 11 basis. Hourly computation of sick leave shall not diminish benefit 12 entitlement. On or before October 1, 1980, the Commissioner of 13 Administrative Services shall adopt regulations, in accordance with 14 chapter 54, concerning the accrual, prorating and granting of sick leave 15 with pay to other employees in the state service and extending sick 16 leave with pay or with part pay for longer periods to full-time 17 permanent employees disabled through illness or injury. Such 18 regulations shall specify that such other employees are entitled to use 19 any accumulated sick leave upon the birth or adoption of a child of 20 such employee, or upon the illness or injury of a child, spouse or 21 parent of such employee. Each such employee who retires under the

- 22 provisions of chapter 66 shall be compensated, effective as of the date 23 of [his] retirement, at the rate of one-fourth of such employee's salary 24 for sick leave accrued to [his] such employee's credit as of [his] such 25 employee's last day on the active payroll up to a maximum payment 26 equivalent to sixty days' pay. Such payment for accumulated sick leave 27 shall not be included in computing retirement income and shall be 28 charged by the State Comptroller to the department, agency or 29 institution in which the employee worked.
 - Sec. 2. Subsection (a) of section 5-248a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
 - (a) Each permanent employee, as defined in subdivision (21) of section 5-196, shall be entitled to the following: (1) A maximum of twenty-four weeks of family leave of absence within any two-year period upon the birth or adoption of a child of such employee, or upon the serious illness of a child, spouse, [or] parent or grandparent of such employee, provided in the case of a grandparent, the grandparent is the employee's next of kin; and (2) a maximum of twenty-four weeks of medical leave of absence within any two-year period upon the serious illness of such employee. Any such leave of absence shall be without pay. Upon the expiration of any such leave of absence, the employee shall be entitled (A) to return to the employee's original job from which the leave of absence was provided or, if not available, to an equivalent position with equivalent pay, except that in the case of a medical leave, if the employee is medically unable to perform the employee's original job upon the expiration of such leave, the Personnel Division of the Department of Administrative Services shall endeavor to find other suitable work for such employee in state service, and (B) to all accumulated seniority, retirement, fringe benefit and other service credits the employee had at the commencement of such leave. Such service credits shall not accrue during the period of the leave of absence.
 - Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 5-248a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

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- (b) The leave of absence benefits granted by this section shall be in addition to any other paid leave benefits and benefits provided under subdivision (7) of subsection (a) of section 46a-60 which are otherwise available to the employee. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a permanent employee from electing to substitute any other accrued paid leave benefits for any part of the twenty-four-week period of unpaid leave granted by this section.
- 62 Sec. 4. Subdivision (7) of section 31-51kk of the general statutes is 63 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 64 (7) "Parent" means a biological parent, foster parent, adoptive 65 parent, stepparent, [or] legal guardian of an eligible employee or an eligible employee's spouse, [or] an individual who stood in loco 66 67 parentis to an employee when the employee was a son or daughter or 68 a grandparent of an eligible employee, provided the grandparent is the 69 eligible employee's next of kin.
- 70 Sec. 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001.

APP Joint Favorable Subst.

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